

# Non-comm defns & 3-fold flops

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## PLAN

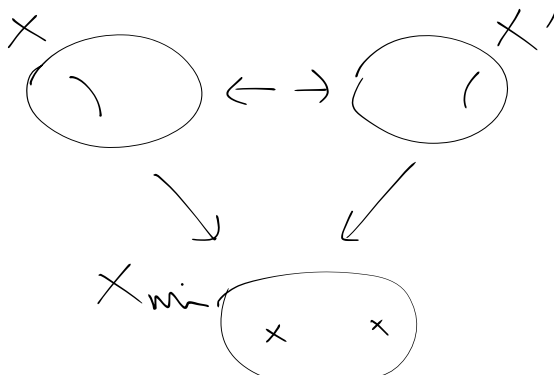
- 1 Intro: birat geom
- 2 New wts: contract<sup>n</sup> alg  $A_{con}$
- 3 Results:  $A_{con}$  & NC deformat<sup>n</sup>s
- 4 Calculating new wts
- 5 Homological alg & twist functors
- 6 The future

§1 Intro: birat geom

Q: For a smooth  $d$ -fold  $X/\mathbb{C}$ , which  $X' \xleftrightarrow{\text{birat}} X$ ?

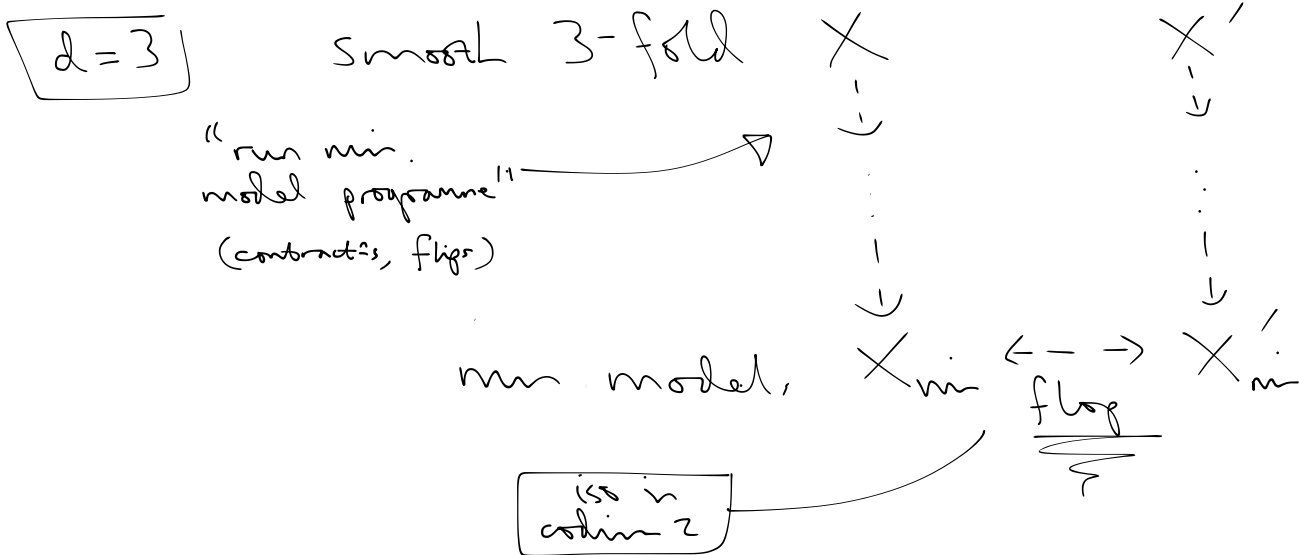
A: gets harder as  $d$  increases!

$d=1$   $X' \cong X$  ✓

$d=2$   $\exists$  blow-ups & contract<sup>ions</sup>, eg. 

Def<sup>n</sup>  $X_{\min}$  is min. model if  $K \cdot C \geq 0$   $\forall$  curves  $C$

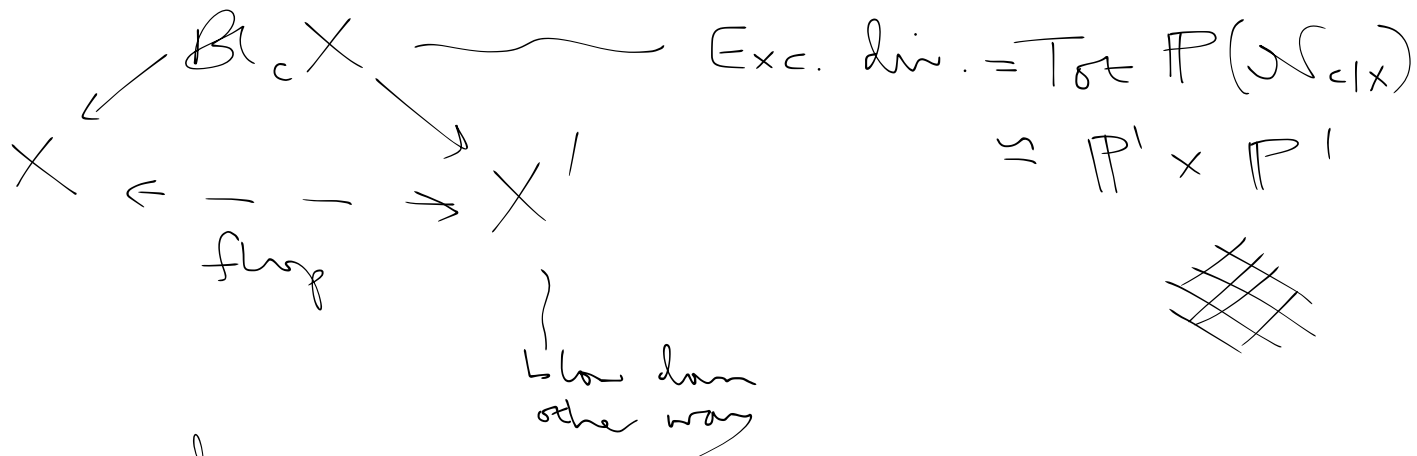
Thm [Castelnuovo] If  $X$  has min. model,  
 ① it is unique,  
 ② can obtain by contract<sup>ions</sup> (of  $(-1)$ -curves).



# Zoology of 3-fold flops

eg 1 [Atiyah]

$$\mathbb{P}^1 \hookrightarrow C \subset X \text{ sm 3-fold, } \mathcal{N}_{C|X} \cong \mathcal{O}(-1)^{\oplus 2}$$



Rem: C rigid

eg 2 As above,  $\mathcal{N}_{C|X} \cong \mathcal{O}(-2) \oplus \mathcal{O}$

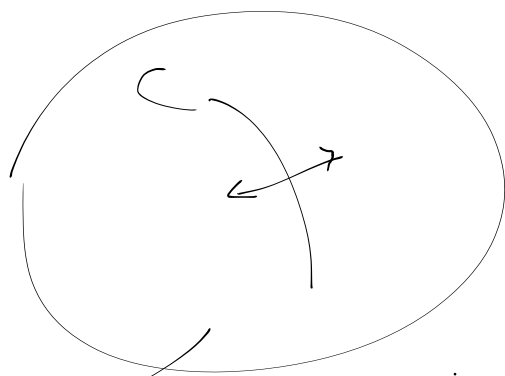
Learnt from [Reid ('83)]

min. models of con 3-folds

Pagoda paper

eg

C rigid, but not scheme-theoretically



Uf in formal deformation:

(n-1)th order

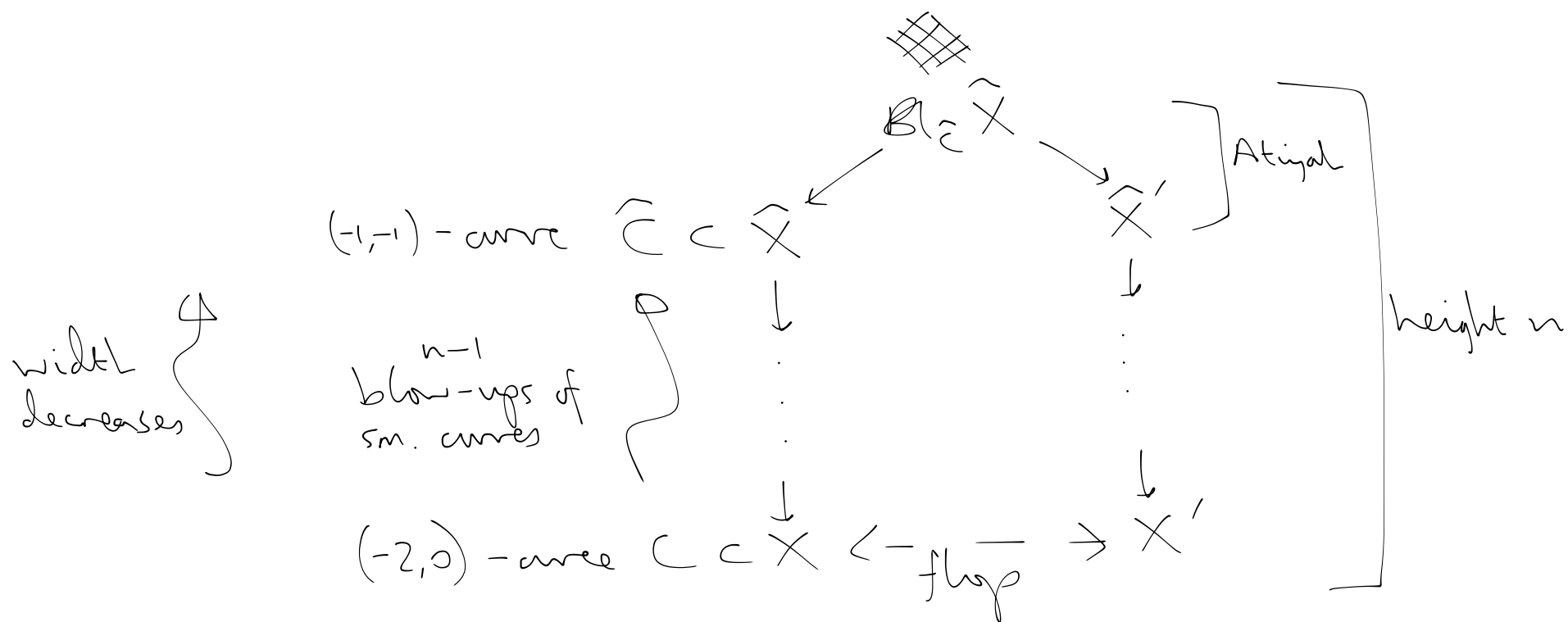
$$X = \text{Bl} \left( \frac{\mathbb{A}^4[u, v, x, y]}{uv = x^2 - y^2} \right)$$

$n > 1$

eg 2 cont

Def:  $\text{width}(C) := \text{order of deformation} + 1$

Rem:  $\text{width} = 1 \Rightarrow \text{Atiyah}$



Notice (1) order of deformation = height of pagoda

eg 3 [Lurfer]

$$X = \mathbb{B}_I \left( \frac{\mathbb{C}[u, v, x, y]}{u^2 + v^2 y = x(x^2 + y^3)} \right) \supset E_{X, C} =: C$$

Elementary (but not easy) to show

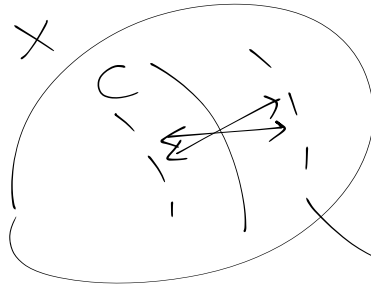
①  $\mathcal{N}_{C|X} \cong \mathcal{O}(-3) \oplus \mathcal{O}(1)$

②  $C$  flexible.

Infinitesimal deforms of  $C$  in  $X$  controlled by

③  $\text{Ext}^1(\mathcal{O}_C, \mathcal{O}_C) \cong \mathbb{C}^2$  (from ①)

So looks something like:



curve moves  
in a plane  
(infinitesimally)

We'll improve on this

## §2 New vts

Maining question:

- how to generalize to  $d > 3$ ?  $d \gg 3$ !

### Deformat = f-tvs

**(AIM)** Consider formal NC defs of  $E \in \mathcal{C}$ , ab. cat

### Algebras

**(Def =)** 1-pointed  $\mathbb{C}$ -alg  $R$  is  $\mathbb{C}$ -alg  $R$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{C} & \xrightarrow{i} & R & \xrightarrow{p} & \mathbb{C} \\ & & \searrow & \nearrow & \\ & & \mathbb{1} & & \end{array}$$

Form category  $Alg_1$

sim.  $CommAlg_1$

$\hookrightarrow$  [here,  $p$  gives  $\mathbb{C}$ -pt in  $\text{Spec } R$ ]

**(Def =)**  $Art_1 \subset Alg_1$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{"} \\ \{R \mid \dim_{\mathbb{C}} R < \infty, \\ m := \ker(p) \text{ nilpotent}\} \end{array}$$

Rem  $CommArt_1 = \text{"fat pts"}$

$Art_1 = \text{"NC-fat points"}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Spec } R \\ \uparrow \\ \mathbb{1} \text{ maximal } m \end{array}$$

# Functors

Reminder Usual deformations for  $E \in \mathcal{Q}\text{Coh}(X)$

Comm Def  $\text{Def}_E^{\mathcal{Q}\text{Coh}(X)} : \text{Comm Art}_1 \rightarrow \text{Sets}$

$$(R, \mathfrak{m}) \mapsto \left\{ \mathcal{F}, \delta \mid \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{F} \text{ flat } \text{Spec}(R) \text{ family in } \mathcal{Q}\text{Coh}(X) \\ \mathcal{F}|_{\mathfrak{m}} \xrightarrow{\delta} E \end{array} \right\}$$

i.e.  $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{Q}\text{Coh}(X \times \text{Spec}(R))$

cf.  $\mathcal{Q}\text{Coh}(X)^R \leftarrow$  sheaf on  $X$   
w/  $R$ -module structure.

This generalizes to give:

Def  $\text{Def}_E^{\mathcal{C}} : \text{Art}_1 \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  deformation functor for  $E \in \mathcal{C}$

[cf. Laudal,  
Eisen,  
E. Segal,  
ELO...]

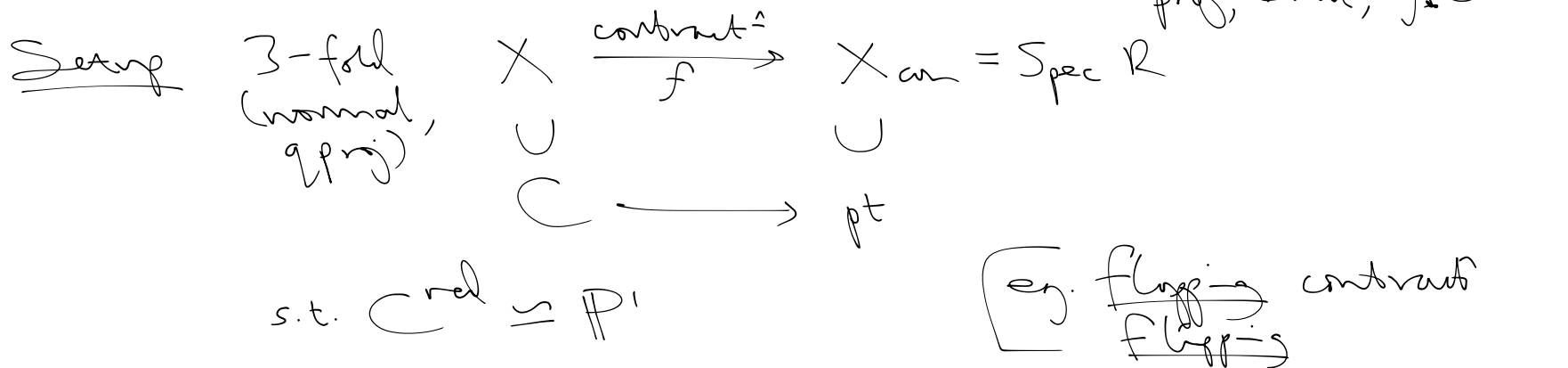
$$(R, \mathfrak{m}) \mapsto \left\{ \mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{C}^R, \delta \mid \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{F} \otimes_R \_ : R\text{-mod} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \text{ exact} \\ \mathcal{F} \otimes_R \frac{R}{\mathfrak{m}} \xrightarrow{\delta} E \end{array} \right\}$$

$\mathcal{F}$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $R\text{-mod in } \mathcal{C}$ .

Rem Can no longer take  $\text{Spec}$  in  $\text{Art}_1$   
simpler than  $\text{CommDef}$ !

Ex restriction  $\text{CommDef}_E^{\mathcal{C}} : \text{Comm Art}_1 \rightarrow \text{Sets}$   
 $\cong$  usual deformations.

# Contraction algebra $A_{\text{con}}$



[vdB]  $\exists$  tilting gen  $\mathcal{B}$  on  $X$  (rel  $X_{\text{con}}$ )

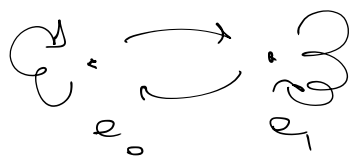
$\mathcal{O} \oplus \mathcal{M}$

universal exten? if not type A.

$\rightsquigarrow D^b(X) \cong D^b(A\text{-mod})$

$A \cong \text{End}_R(\mathcal{O} \oplus \mathcal{M})$

Can describe by quiver:



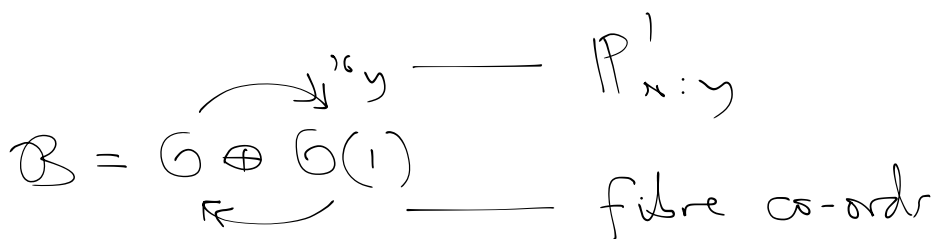
idempotents (projections to summands)

Def<sup>n</sup>  $A_{\text{con}} := A / [e_0]$  — two-sided ideal



Example Show Table 2

eg 1

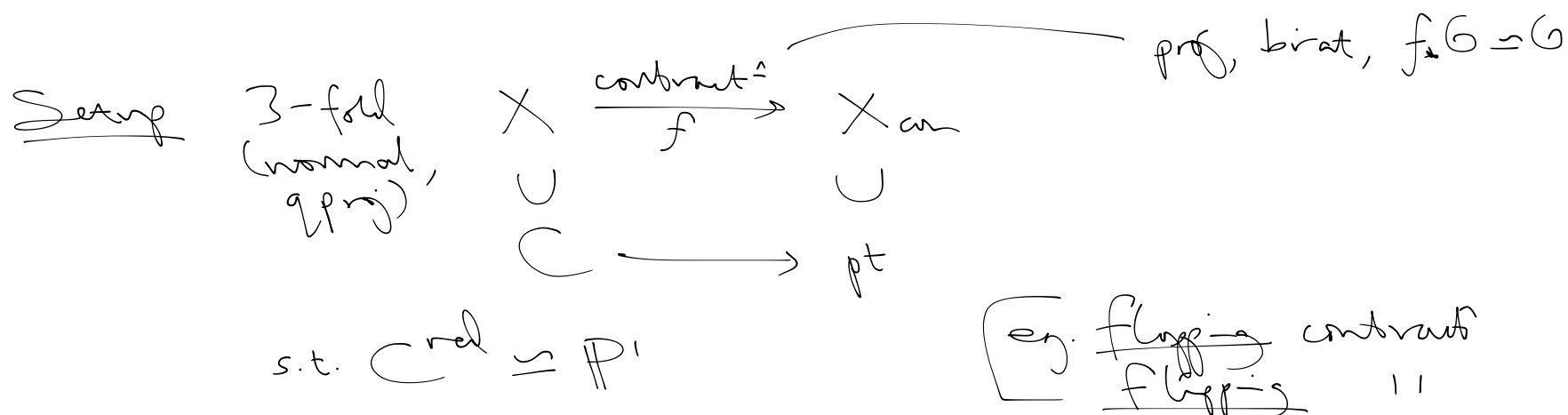


eg 3

quantum cusp  
most examples not type A  $\rightsquigarrow$  non-comm



§3 RESULTS Links with deformation theory



Thm ①  $A_{\text{con}} \in \text{AA}$ , well-defined (fin. dim., self-inj) 2.12(i) 5.7

②  $A_{\text{con}}$  represents  $\text{Def}_{E := \mathcal{O}_X(-1)}^{\text{QCoh } X}$  cf vertex simple

Corl  $\exists$  universal family  $\Sigma$  / base  $A_{\text{con}}$  deforming  $E$  in  $X$ .  
ie.  $\Sigma \in (\text{QCoh } X)^{A_{\text{con}}}$

Prop  $A_{\text{con}} \cong \text{End}_X(\Sigma)$  forgets  $A_{\text{con}}$ -module struct

3.9

## Rel<sup>2</sup> with comm geom

Def:  $A_{\text{com}}^{\text{ab}} := A_{\text{com}} / \text{commutators}$

Cor 2  $\exists$  universal family  $\Sigma^{\text{ab}} / \text{base } \text{Spec}(A_{\text{com}}^{\text{ab}})$   
defining  $E$  in  $X$ .

(ie. reps  $\text{CommDef}_E^{2\text{Ch}X}$ )

Prop  $A_{\text{com}}^{\text{ab}} \simeq \text{End}_X(\Sigma^{\text{ab}})$

Rem consider  $A_{\text{com}}$  as an NC-scheme [Kapur] } abelianize  
 $\text{Spec}(A_{\text{com}}^{\text{ab}})$

# §4 Calculating new invariants

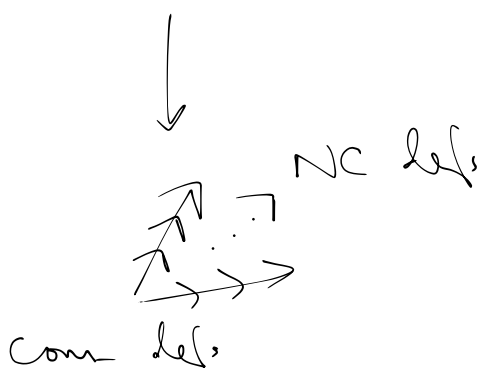
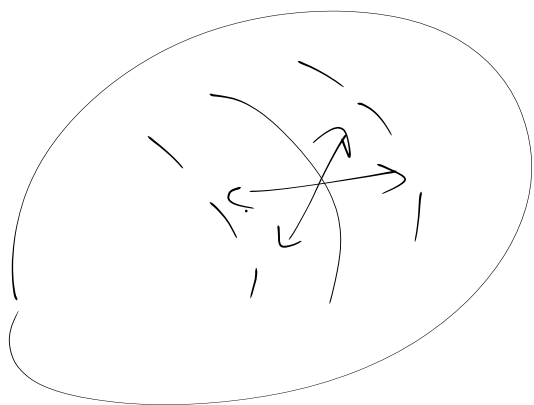
Def: (ncWidTL)  $wid(C) := \dim_{\mathbb{C}} A_{con}$   
 $wid^{ab}(C)$  sim.

(eg) Type A,  $wid(C) = wid^{ab}(C) =$  Reid's width  
 Otherwise, may differ & not defined  $\uparrow$

(eg) Lambert  $A_{con} = \frac{\mathbb{C}\langle x, y \rangle}{\{x, y\}, x^2 = y^3}$  } quantum cusp  
 anti-comm  $\rightarrow$   
 $\Downarrow$   
 $\{x, y^3\} = 0$      $x^3 = xy^3 = y^3x$   
 $\Rightarrow x^3 = 0$

In fact, have basis  $1 \dots x^2 \Rightarrow wid(C) = 9$   
 $y^2 \dots x^2 y^2$

$$A_{con}^{ab} = \frac{\mathbb{C}[x, y]}{xy, x^2 = y^3} \Rightarrow wid^{ab}(C) = 5$$



Rem  $\exists$  discrete fam.  
 $y^3 \rightarrow y^{2n+1}$

- All type  $D_4$
- $wid(C) = 3(2n+1)$

Show Table 3

# §5 Homological algebra & twist functors

Suppose  $X \xleftrightarrow{\text{flop}} X'$  both proj,  $\text{sings} \leq \text{term. Cor.}$

$\swarrow$        $\searrow$   
 $X$        $X'$   
 $\searrow$        $\swarrow$   
 $X_{\text{con}}$

Then [Bridgeland, Chen] Sing. case

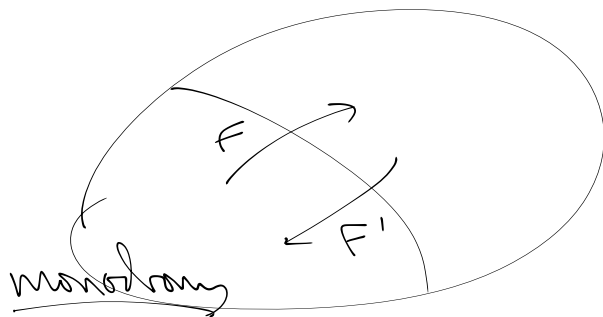
$F : D^b(X) \xrightarrow{\sim} D^b(X')$   
 Fourier-Mukai  
 corresp  
 $X \times_{\text{con}} X'$

Using symmetry, have flop-flop functor  $FF : D^b(X) \rightarrow D^b(X)$

$\parallel$   
 $F' \circ F$

Turns out to be non-trivial

Stability in fld  
heuristic



Result D-monodromy FF controlled by  $A_{\text{con}}$   
(not by  $A_{\text{ab con}}$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{\text{Thm}} \textcircled{3} \quad FF &\simeq \text{spl twist } T_{A_{\text{con}}} \text{ about } \Sigma / A_{\text{con}} \\
 [\omega] &\simeq \left\{ \Sigma \otimes_{A_{\text{con}}} \underbrace{\text{Hom}_X(\Sigma, -)}_{\text{module struct}} \rightarrow (-) \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

Rem Generalizes work of Toda in type A.

Prop twist  $T_{A_{\text{con}}}$  not an autoeq

Sph. functors see [Seidel-Thomas, Khov.-Thomas, Amos-Logvinenko...]

Propose  $\Sigma \otimes_{A_{\text{con}}} - : D(A_{\text{con}}\text{-mod}) \rightarrow D(X)$  spl

Warning: non-comm  
non-finite gl. dim  
 $\Rightarrow$  duality theory...

## §6 The future

should

Q: What structure ~~does~~ moduli of  $\mathcal{DGA}(C^3)$  have?

A: derived, higher stack,  $(-1)$ -shifted symplectic

See [Lurie, Toen, PTVV, Broussier-Joye...]

A: NC-scheme, and indeed...

cf [Kapranov, Efimov-Lunts-Orlov]

## "Multi-points"

Form category  $\text{Alg}_n$  (cf.  $\text{Alg}_1$  earlier)

subset  $\text{Art}_n$

Rem algebras have  $n$  orthogonal idempotents.

Picture family of  $n$  NC-fat points



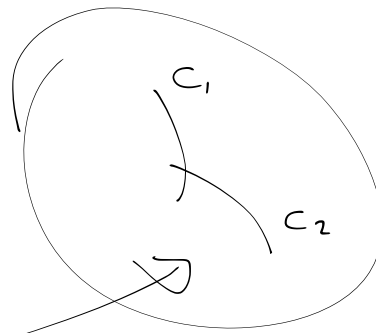
↳ interactions!  
+ rel's so fin. dim.

Two-pointed example:

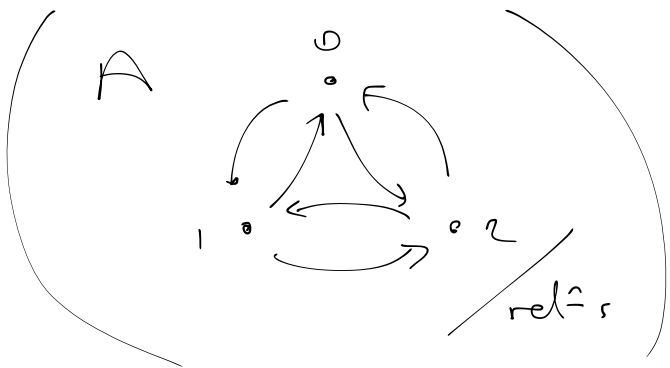
$$wv = \underbrace{f_1 f_2 f_3}_{\text{linear in } x, y}$$

$$f_i = x + iy \quad (\text{all diff})$$

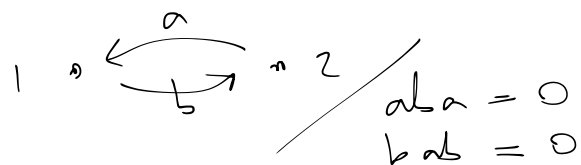
result:



flop together & separately



$A_{\text{con}}$



Have  $A_{\text{con}} \in \text{Art}_2$

$$E = E_1 \oplus E_2 = \mathcal{O}_{C_1}(-1) \oplus \mathcal{O}_{C_2}(-1) \in D^b(X)^{\mathbb{C}^2}$$

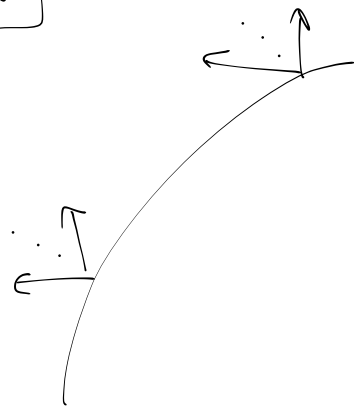
$$\Sigma_{12} \in \langle E_1, E_2 \rangle \subset D^b(X)^{A_{\text{con}}} \quad (\text{think } \mathbb{C}^2 \in \text{Art}_2)$$

Result  $FF_{\text{bal}} = T_2$

Conclude moduli has NC  $\mathbb{C}$ -pts  
multi-points  
generic points?

We have not discussed:

- ① Many more examples, most yet to be calculated  
- computer alg.
- ② Flips  
- Francis (comm, defs =  $\begin{matrix} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{matrix}$ ) (3.13)
- ③ A con self-injective,  $f. CYO$   
- algebraic interest
- ④ When does curve  $C$  flop? flip?
- ⑤  $\dim X > 3$   
- fam. twist [Horja, Anis-Logvinenko]  
- what NC geom occurs?
- ⑥ general Q:  
- given object  $E \in D$  (der. cat)  
when do its deformations yield symms?



Final Obs Try to understand  $D^b(X)$ , classical  $X$   
forced to use non-comm geom.



THANKS!